



# Sateliti južnog neba

Posmatranje Zemljinih veštačkih  
satelita sa Novog Zelanda

Dr Jovan Skuljan

Defence Technology Agency, Auckland, New Zealand

# New Zealand



# Defence Technology Agency

Whangaparaoa



DTA SSA  
Observatory



Tiritiri Matangi

North Shore



Rangitoto



Harbour Bridge



Auckland CBD



Paramount ME11



Celestron

EdgeHD 11



Celestron RASA 11



DTA QuadCam



FLI ML11002



QSI 640ws

DTA SSA Observatory  
Whangaparaoa, Auckland, New Zealand

36° 36' 08.5" S  
174° 50' 05.6" E

Elevation: 132 m (WGS84)



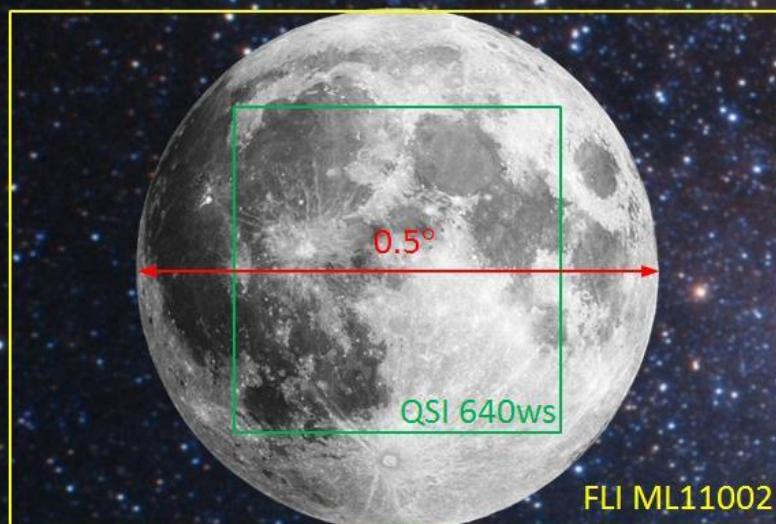
Ruru



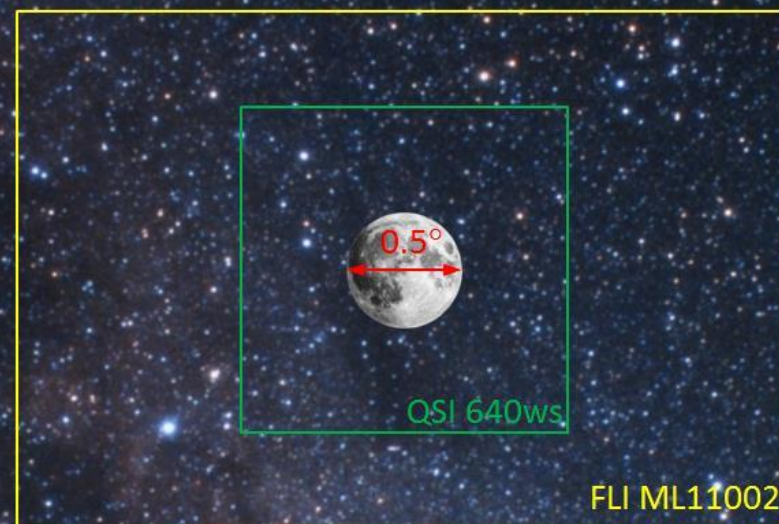
Kiwi

# Field of view comparison

EdgeHD 11 (2800 mm)



RASA 11 (620 mm)



# DTA SSA Observatory, Whangaparaoa Dome Automation



# Orbit classification

- Low Earth Orbit (LEO)
  - Altitude: 160 km – 2000 km
  - Period: 84 min – 127 min
- Medium Earth Orbit (MEO)
  - Altitude: 2000 km – 35786 km
  - Period: 127 min – 23 h 56 min
- Geostationary Earth Orbit (GEO)
  - Altitude: 35786 km
  - Period: 23 h 56 min
- High Earth Orbit (HEO)
  - Altitude > 35786 km
  - Period > 23 h 56 min



In the beginning...  
Automated Transfer Vehicle ATV-5



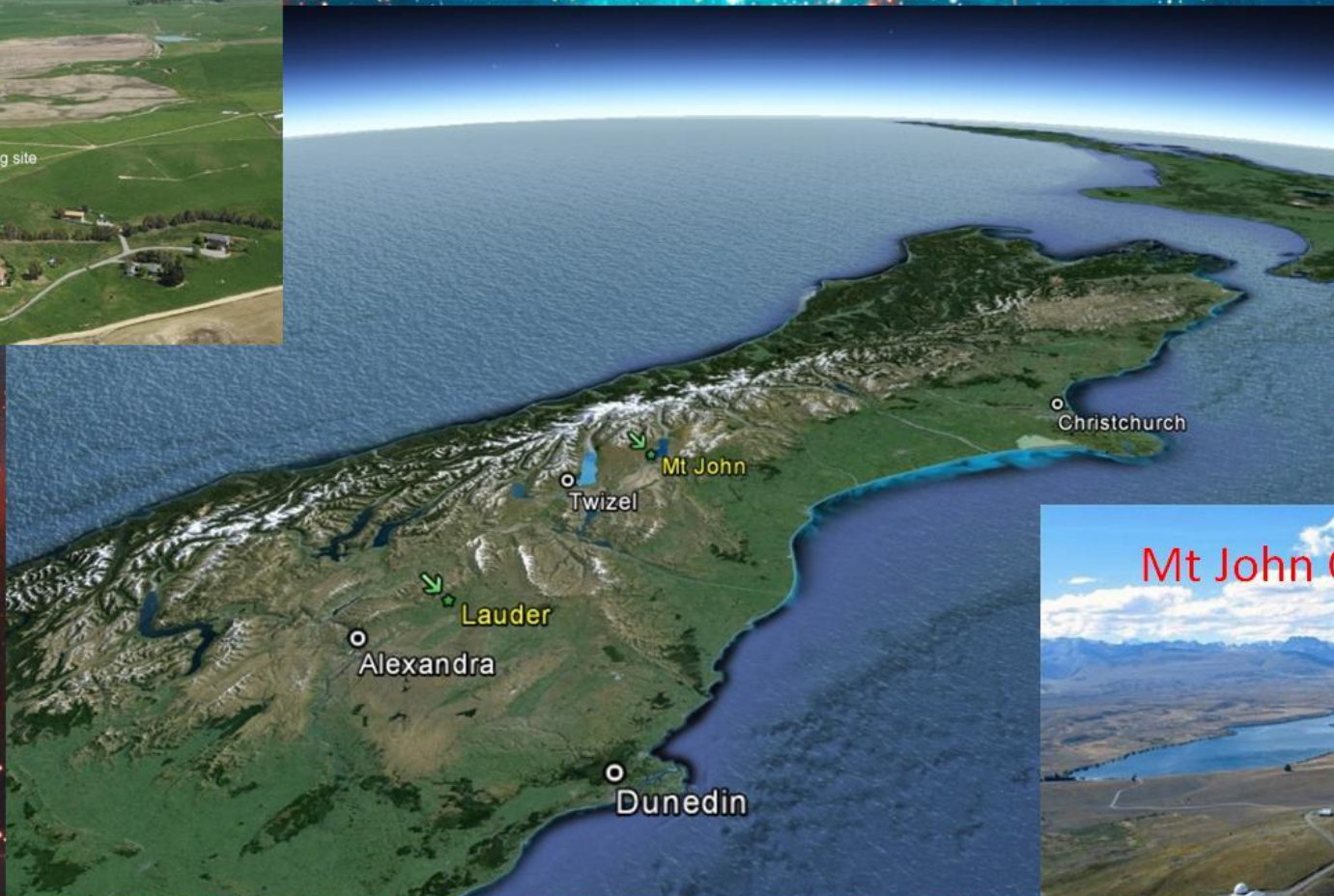
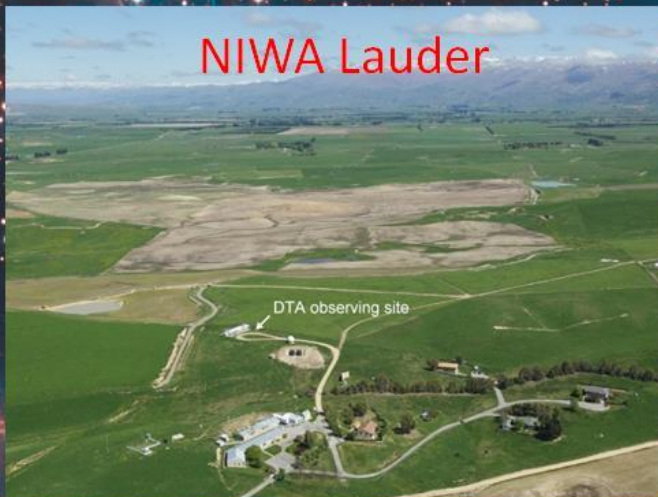


ATV-5 atmospheric re-entry

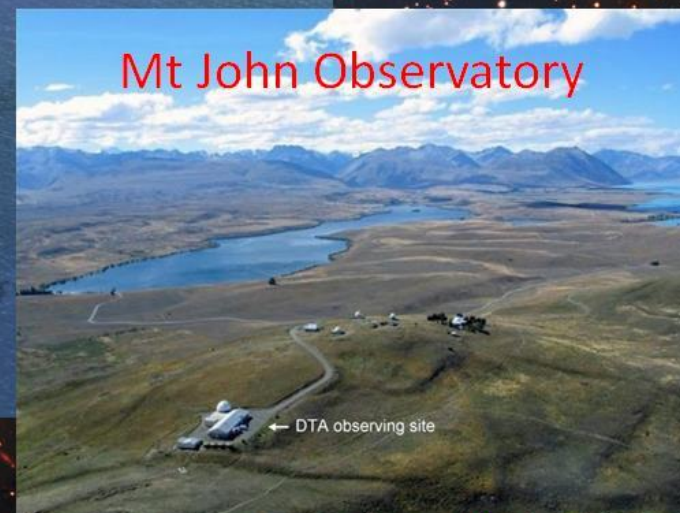


# Locations

NIWA Lauder



Mt John Observatory



# Equipment

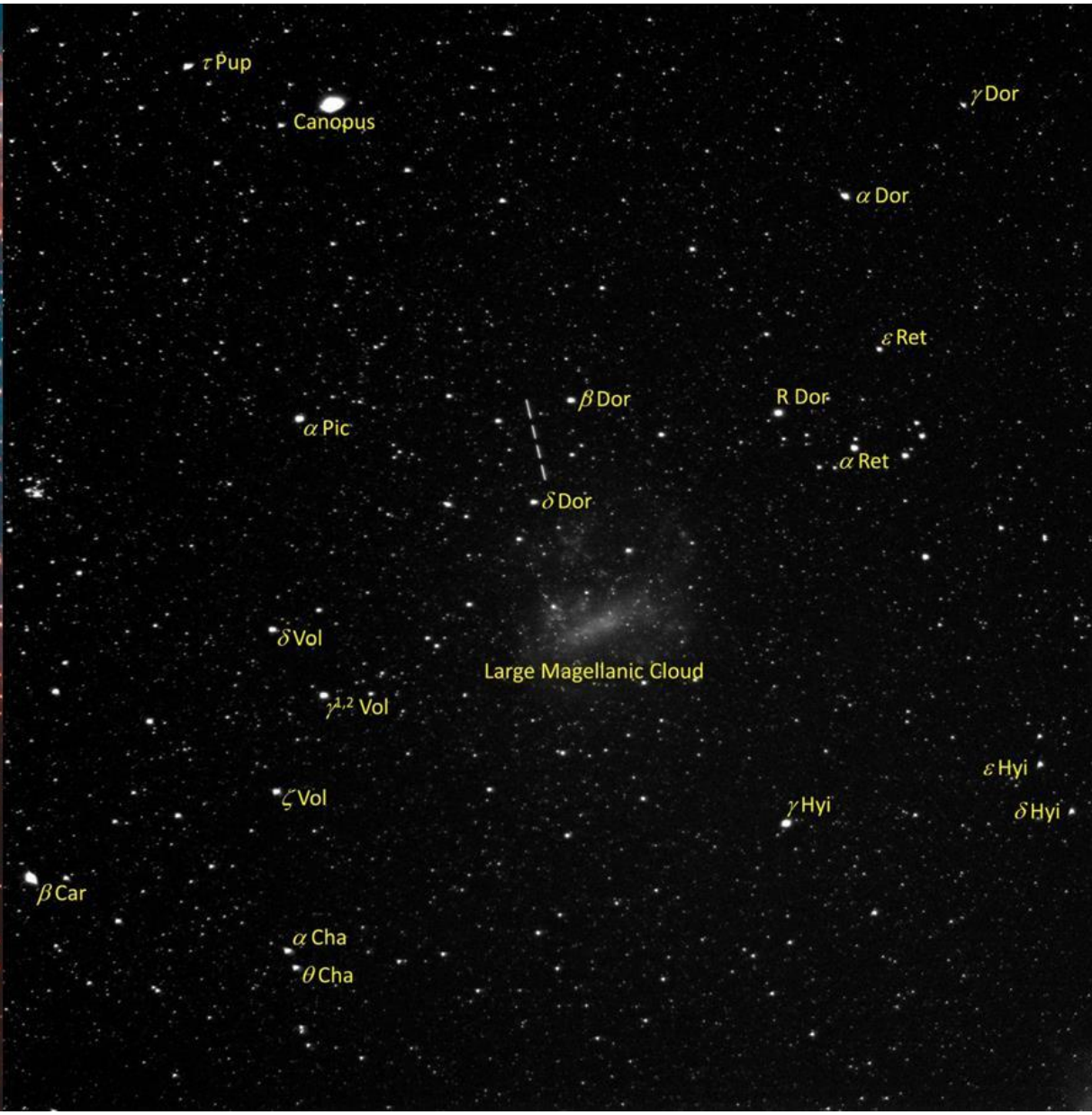


<i>Location</i>	<i>Camera</i>	<i>Lens</i>	<i>Mount</i>
Mt John	Canon EOS 1000D	Canon EF 50mm f/1.4	Sky-Watcher EQ6 Pro
	Canon EOS 1200D	Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 II	Fixed tripod
	QSI 640ws	Canon EF 24mm f/1.4L II USM	Sky-Watcher EQ6 Pro
NIWA Lauder	Canon EOS 40D	Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 II	Sky-Watcher EQ6 Pro
	Canon EOS 6D	Canon EF 50mm f/1.8 II	Sky-Watcher EQ6 Pro
	QSI 640ws	Canon EF 24mm f/1.4L II USM	Sky-Watcher EQ6 Pro
	Olympus E-M1	Olympus M.Zuiko 17mm f/1.8	Fixed tripod



Example image:  
Fengyun 3A  
(NORAD 32958)

Mt John Observatory  
26 February 2015  
10:32:16 UTC  
QSI 640ws  
Canon EF 24 mm f/1.4L II USM



qsi0085.fit - FITS Image View

File View Tools

Colour map: Negative

Intensity cuts

Low cut: 356

High cut: 974

Use histogram

Region of interest

Left	Top	Width	Height
1131	1409	139	91

Minimum: 343

Maximum: 5781

Mean: 428.96

Sigma: 80.83

Count: 12649

Star Catalogue

Find:

71434	71676	129267	14 39 37.016	+55 42 08.21	3.13	-44.70	4.59	8.9266	8.77	-25.9		
71435	71677	128418	14 39 38.703	-64 42 49.20	-29.03	-31.37	5.72	7.4059	7.29	-17.8		
71436	71678	128456	14 39 39.010	-63 32 43.64	12.05	11.79	2.91	7.7588	7.61			
71437	71679	129499	14 39 39.741	+66 20 48.52	-28.16	-23.39	19.61	7.5051	7.38	-11.3		
71438	71680	128830	14 39 39.718	-16 35 22.94	-10.00	-4.00	3.52	8.6691	8.50			
71439	Alp2 Cen	71681	128621	5460	14 39 39.390	-60 50 22.13	-3614.39	802.98	796.92	1.2429	1.35	
71440		71682	128787		14 39 40.929	-26 43 25.06	45.97	-23.03	23.38	7.0940	6.99	10.9
71441	Alp1 Cen	71683	128620	5459	14 39 40.898	-60 50 06.52	-3679.25	473.67	754.81	0.1373	-0.01	-24.7
71442		71684	128869		14 39 41.674	-13 58 52.19	53.26	-36.27	10.19	9.2464	9.12	
71443		71685	128887		14 39 44.552	-09 56 59.54	-218.22	3.07	11.31	9.5052	9.37	
71444		71686			14 39 47.006	-26 41 52.69	33.12	-35.42	24.68	9.8918	9.79	
71445		71687	129025		14 39 47.069	+22 10 52.92	-20.02	-3.00	3.03	8.7242	8.70	

StarView

Star Chart

Tools

$\delta = +90^\circ$

$\delta = -90^\circ$

$\alpha = 0^h$

$\alpha = 6^h$

$\alpha = 12^h$

$\alpha = 18^h$

Find star

Field of view  
33° x 33°

Grid spacing  
 $\Delta\alpha = 1^h$   
 $\Delta\delta = 5^\circ$

Equator  
 Ecliptic  
 Grid  
 Fix centre

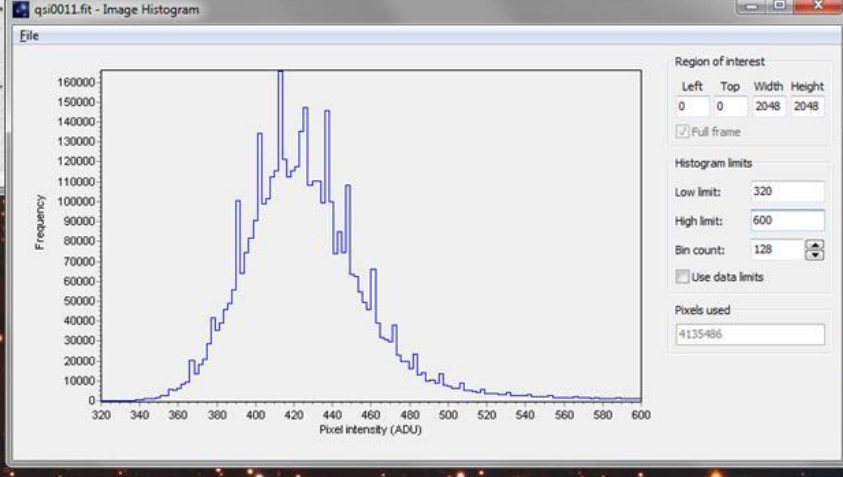
Stellar magnitudes

Legend Size Limit

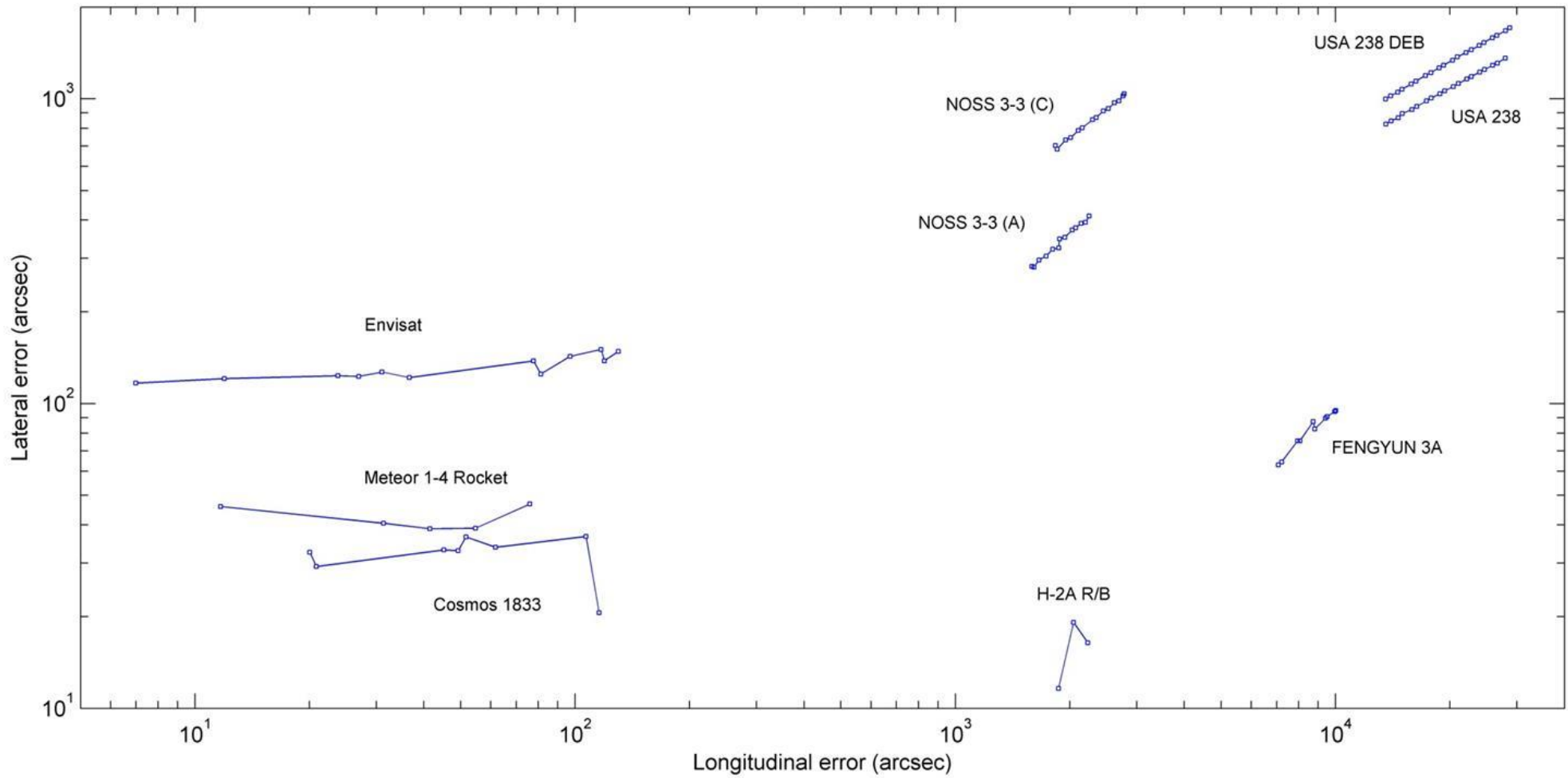
- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9

Star information

$\beta$  Centauri  
HP 68702  
HD 122451  
HR 5267  
 $\alpha = 14^h 03^m 49^s.445$   
 $\delta = -60^\circ 22' 22''.72$   
 $\mu_\alpha = -33.27$  mas/yr  
 $\mu_\delta = -23.16$  mas/yr  
 $\pi = 8.32$  mas  
 $H_p = 0.5386$  mag  
 $V = 0.61$  mag  
 $RV = 5.9$  km/s



# Prediction error





# Polarimetric observations (2017)

$\delta$  Mus

#10992

$\gamma$  Mus

$\alpha$  Mus

$\beta$  Mus



# DTA QuadCam

- Original Dstl design (Privett et al. 2012)
- Four identical Starlight Xpress SuperStar CCD cameras (1392 × 1040, pixel size: 4.65 μm)
- Nikon AF NIKKOR 50 mm f/1.8D lenses
- UV/IR blocking filters + linear polarisers



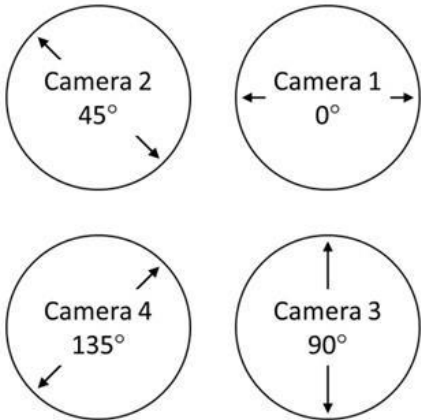
## DTA-specific features:

- Each camera controlled by a separate mini-computer (Raspberry Pi 3) for faster readout and to ensure that the four images are taken simultaneously.
- Specialised GPS unit used to monitor the shutter signals and record the time of exposure with accuracy better than 1 ms.





# Stokes parameters



$$S_0 = I_{0^\circ} + I_{90^\circ} = I_{45^\circ} + I_{135^\circ}$$
$$S_1 = I_{0^\circ} - I_{90^\circ}$$
$$S_2 = I_{45^\circ} - I_{135^\circ}$$

$$s_1 = 2 S_1 / S_0$$
$$s_2 = 2 S_2 / S_0$$

$$p = \sqrt{s_1^2 + s_2^2}$$
$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \frac{s_2}{s_1}$$

# Satellite tracking

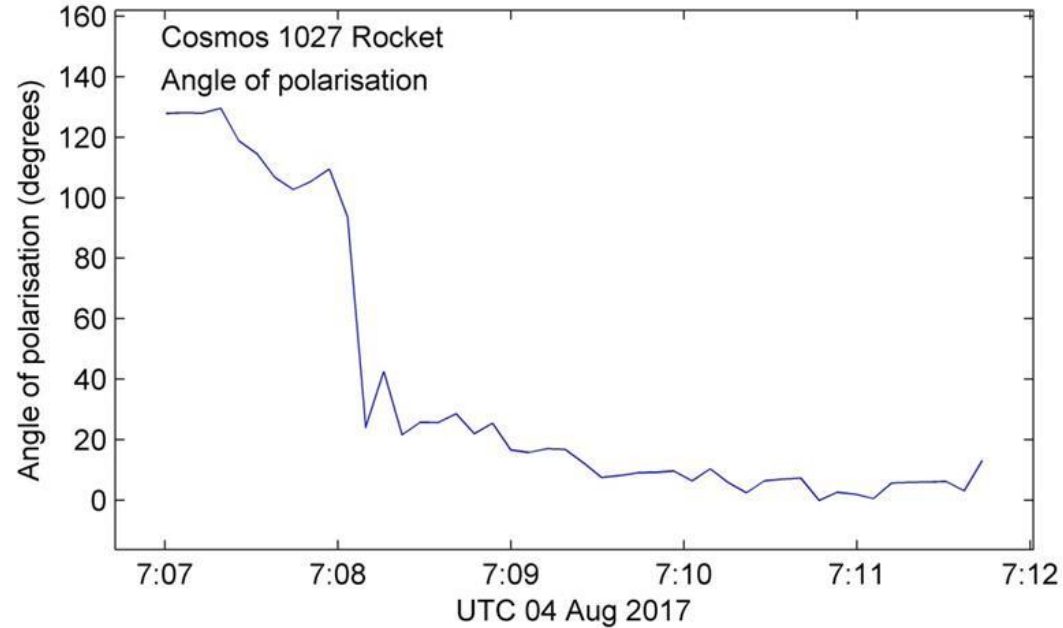
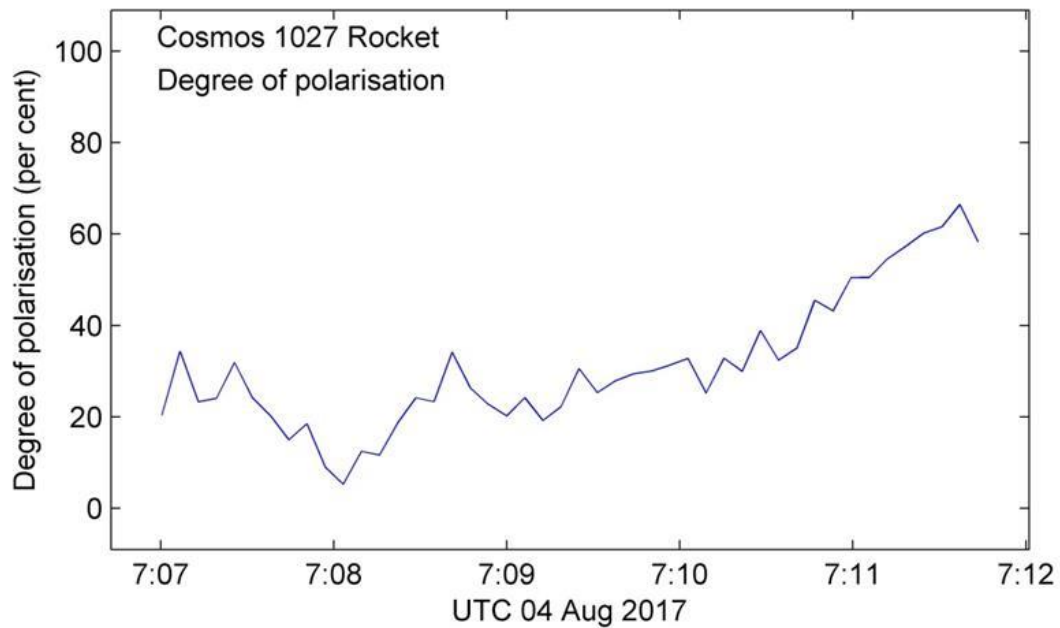
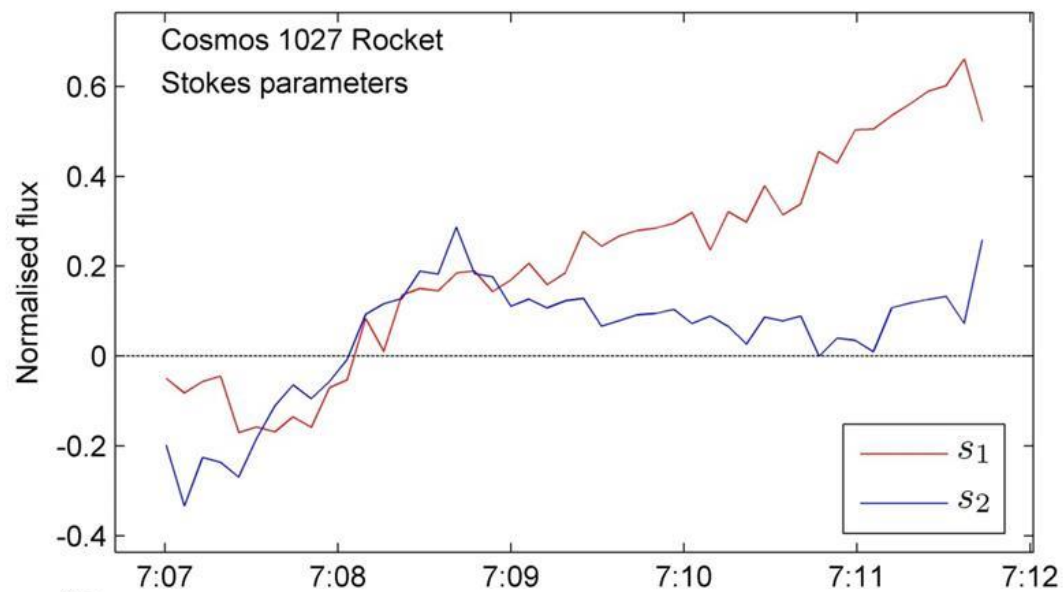
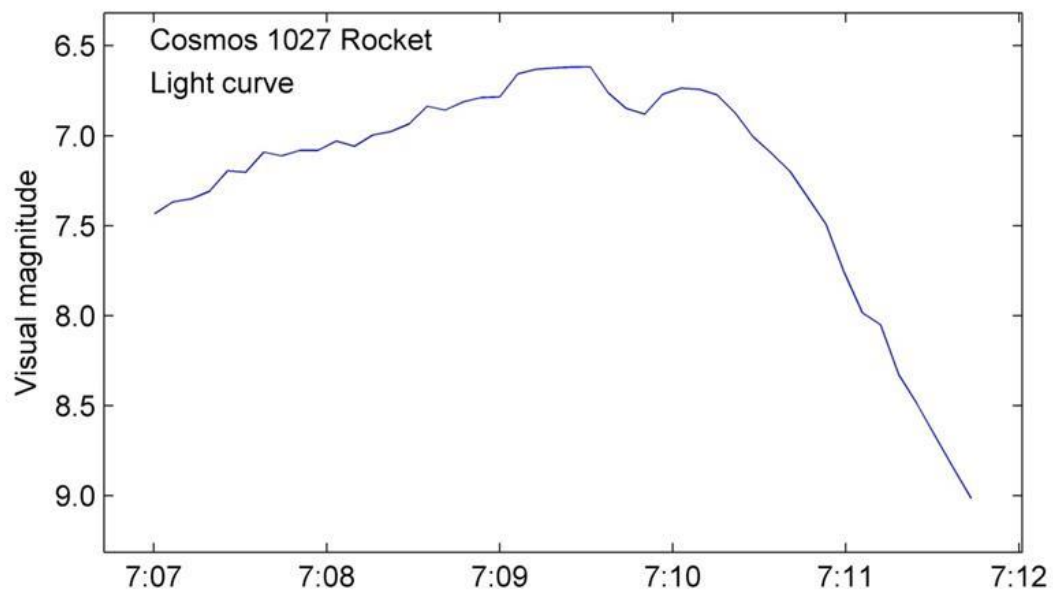


Cosmos 1027 Rocket  
4 August 2017 07:08:53 UTC

# Satellite tracking



Cosmos 1027 Rocket  
4 August 2017 07:08:59 UTC



# Geostationary satellite observations (2018)

Equator

Satellite cluster

Antares

Saturn

Altair

Deneb

Vega

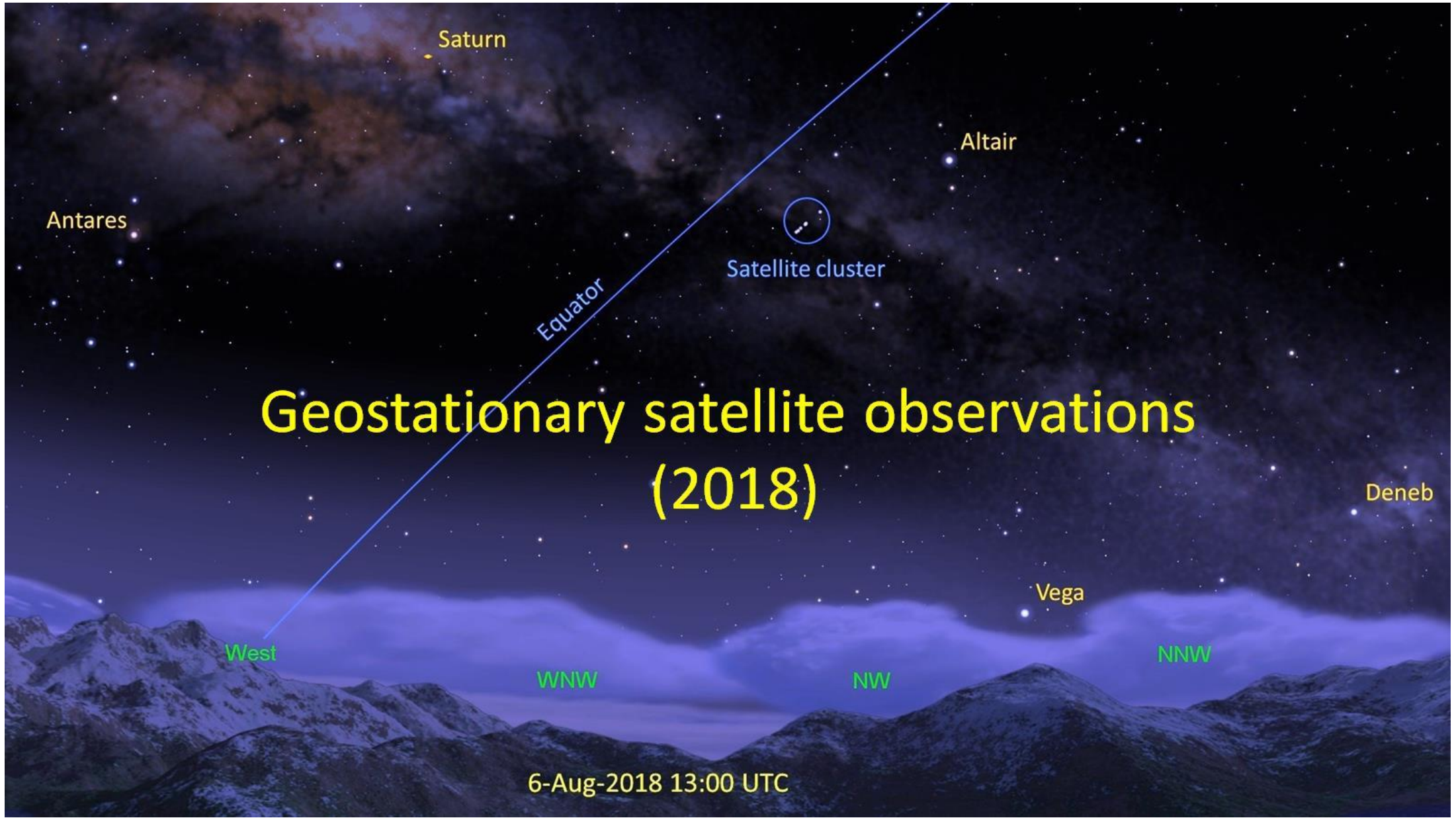
West

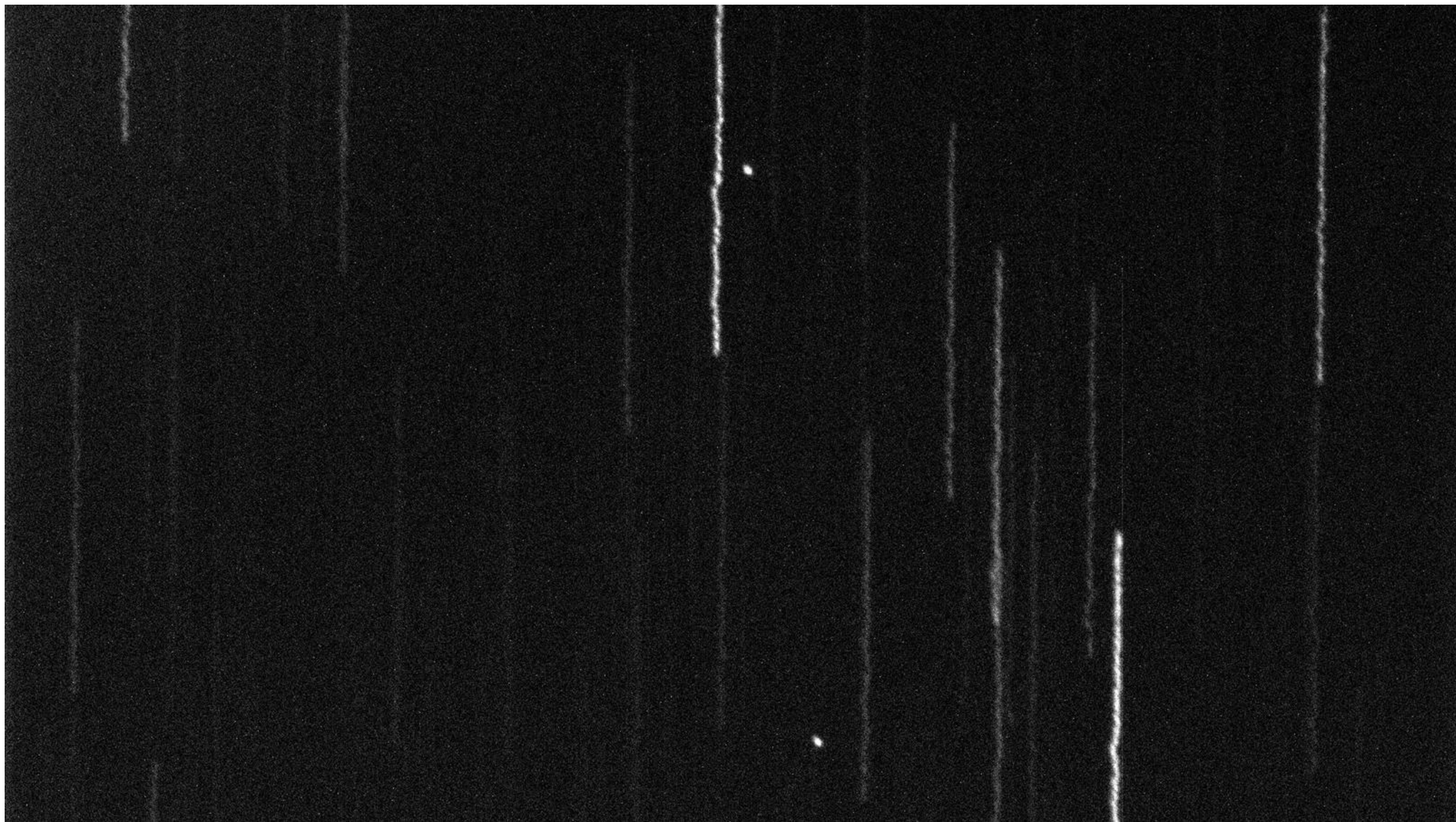
WNW

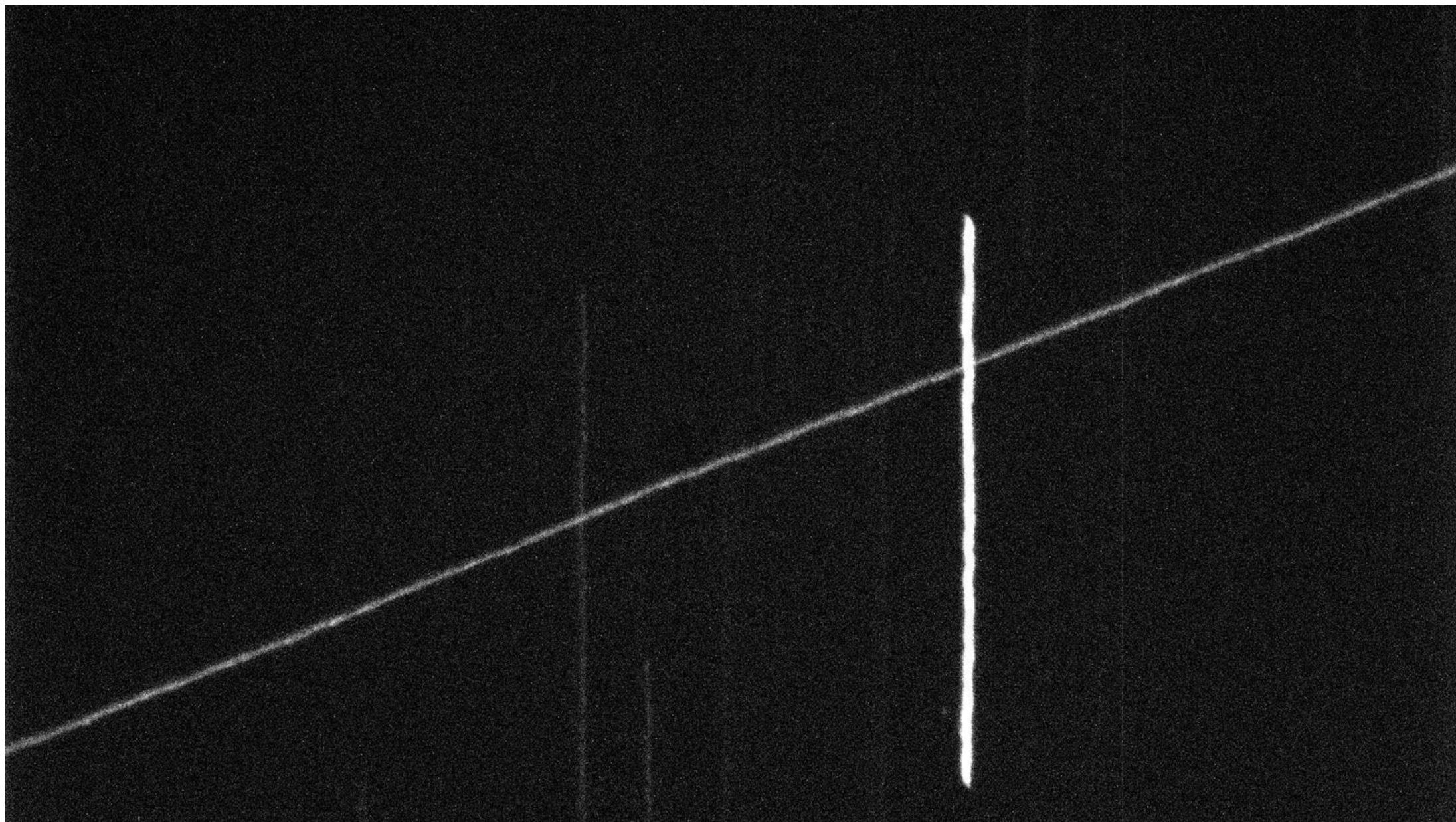
NW

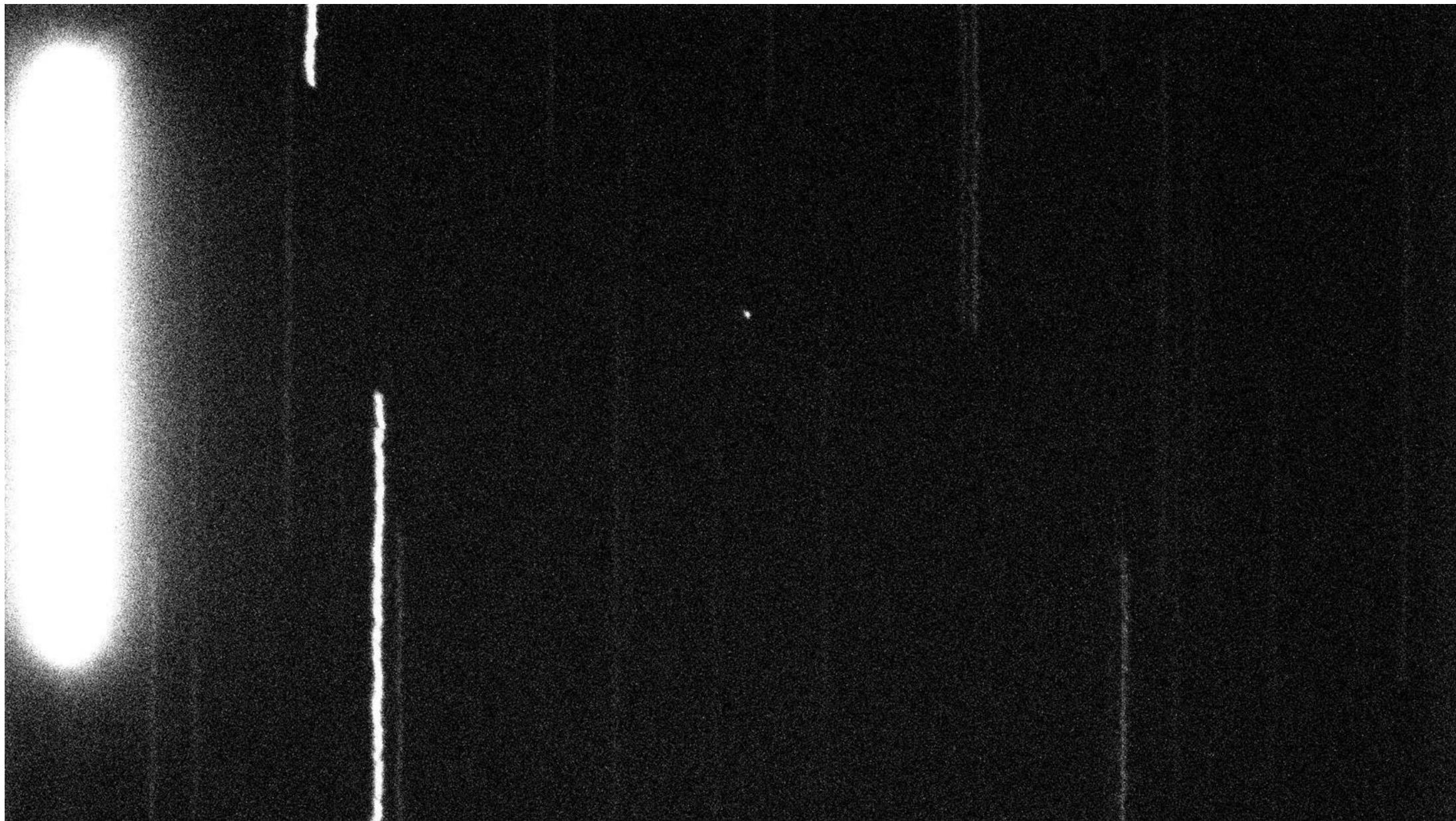
NNW

6-Aug-2018 13:00 UTC

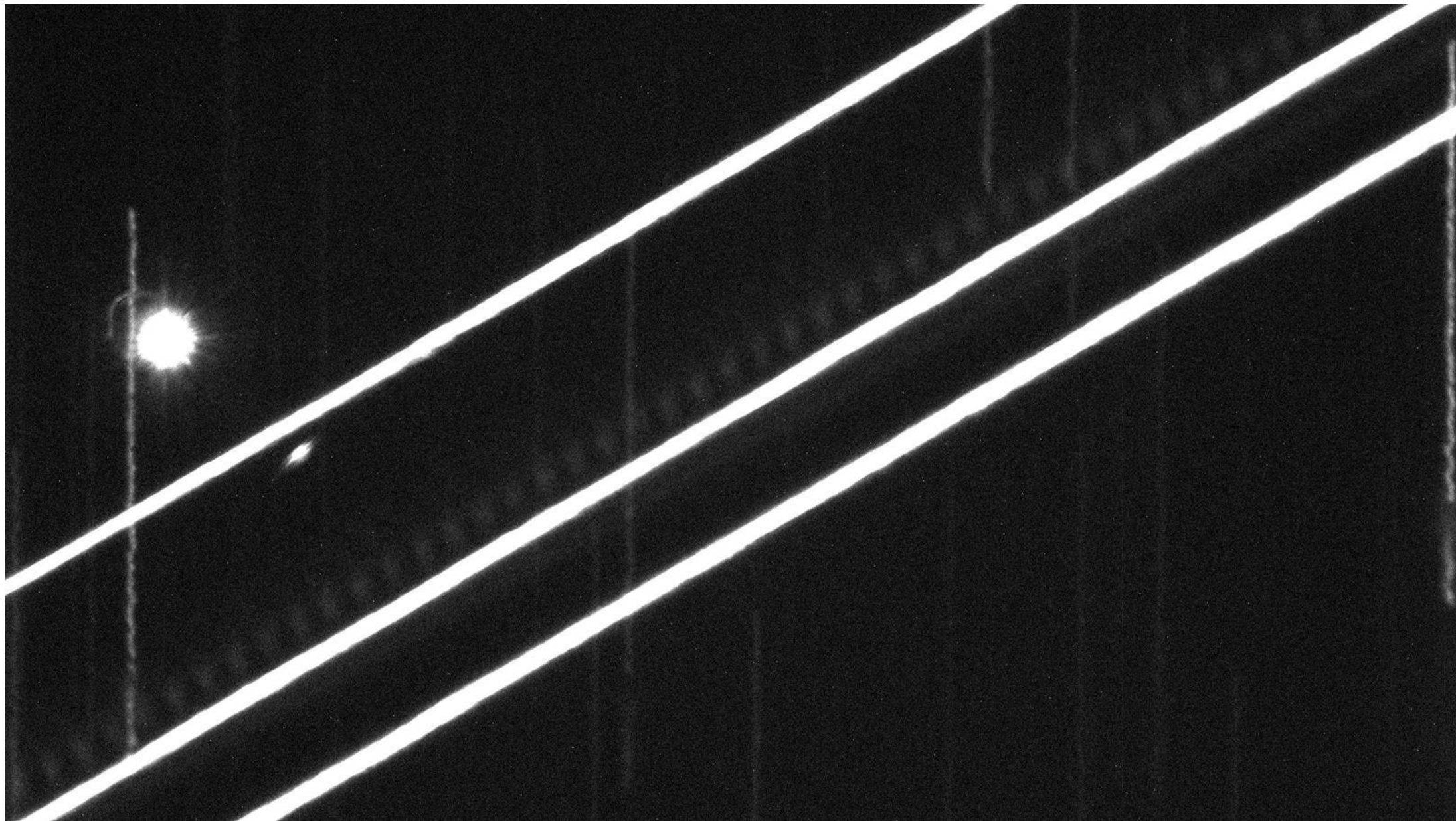




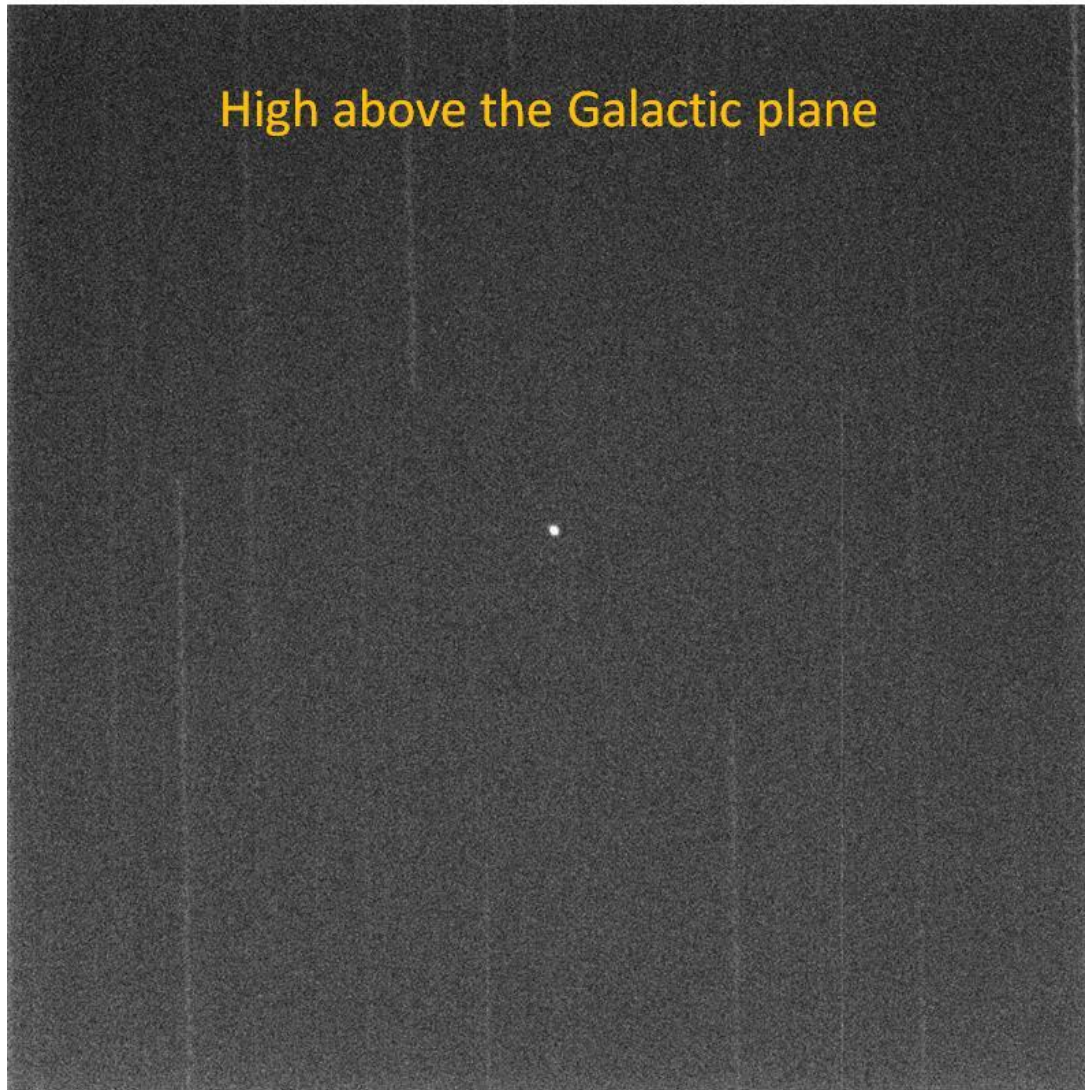




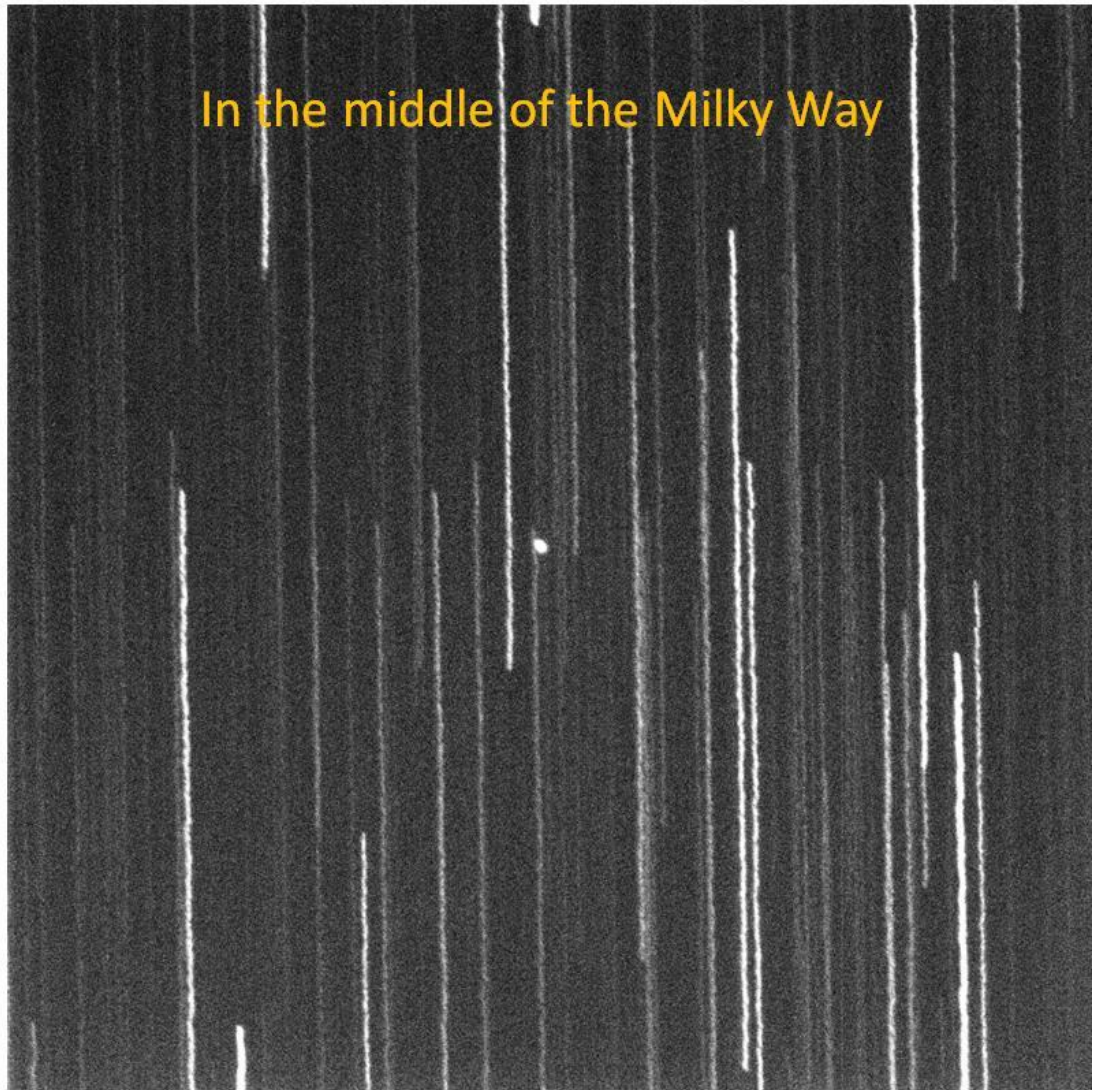




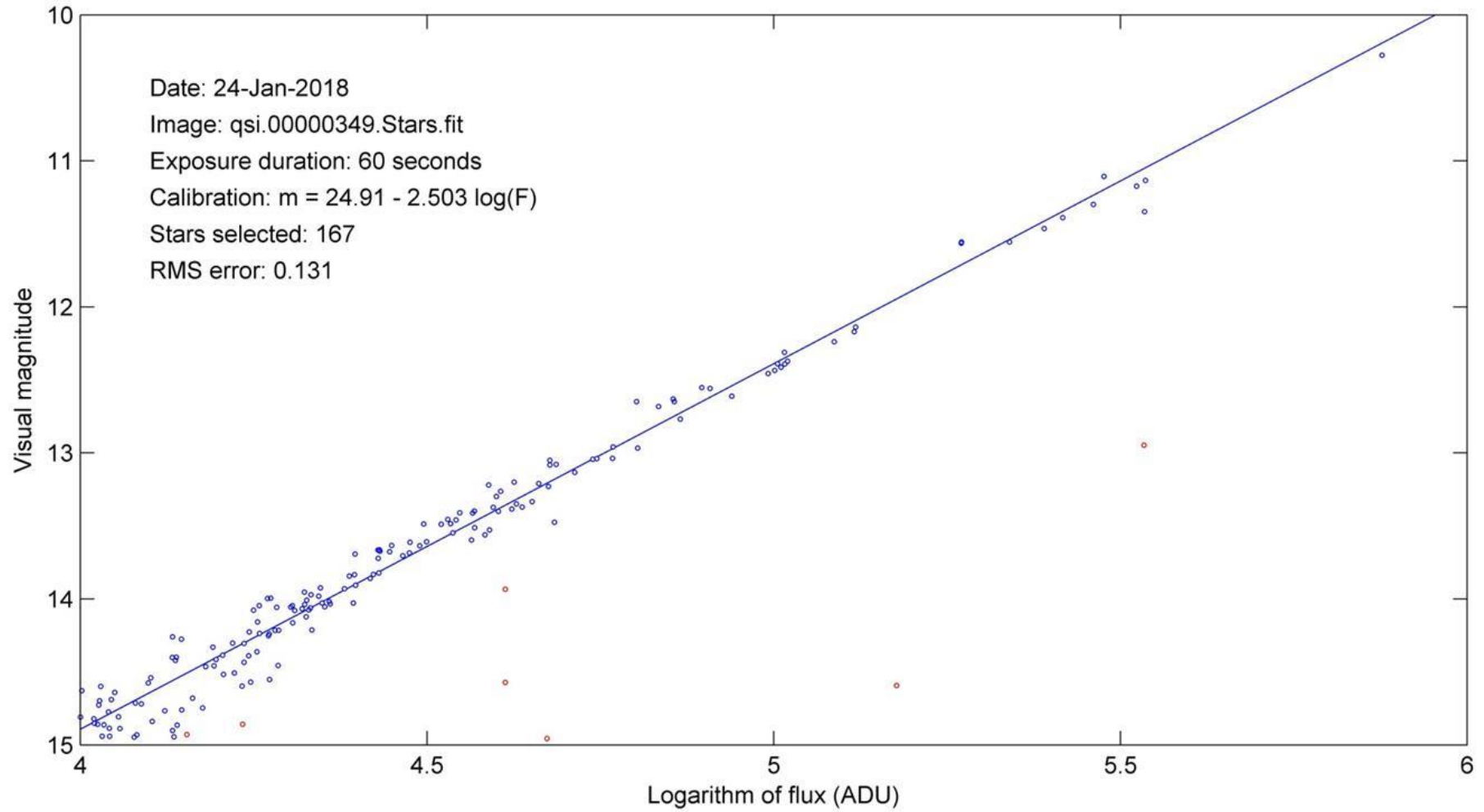
High above the Galactic plane



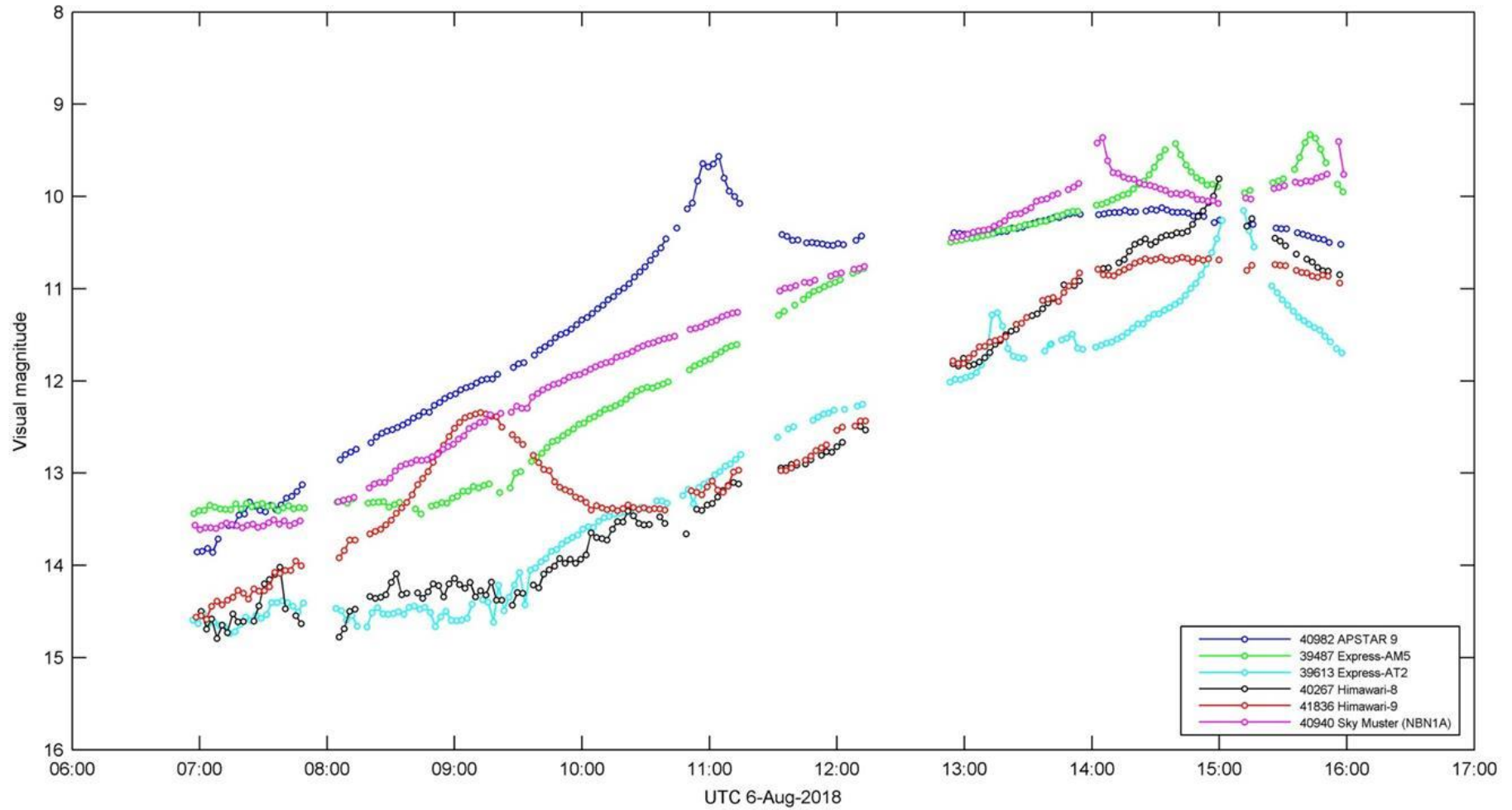
In the middle of the Milky Way

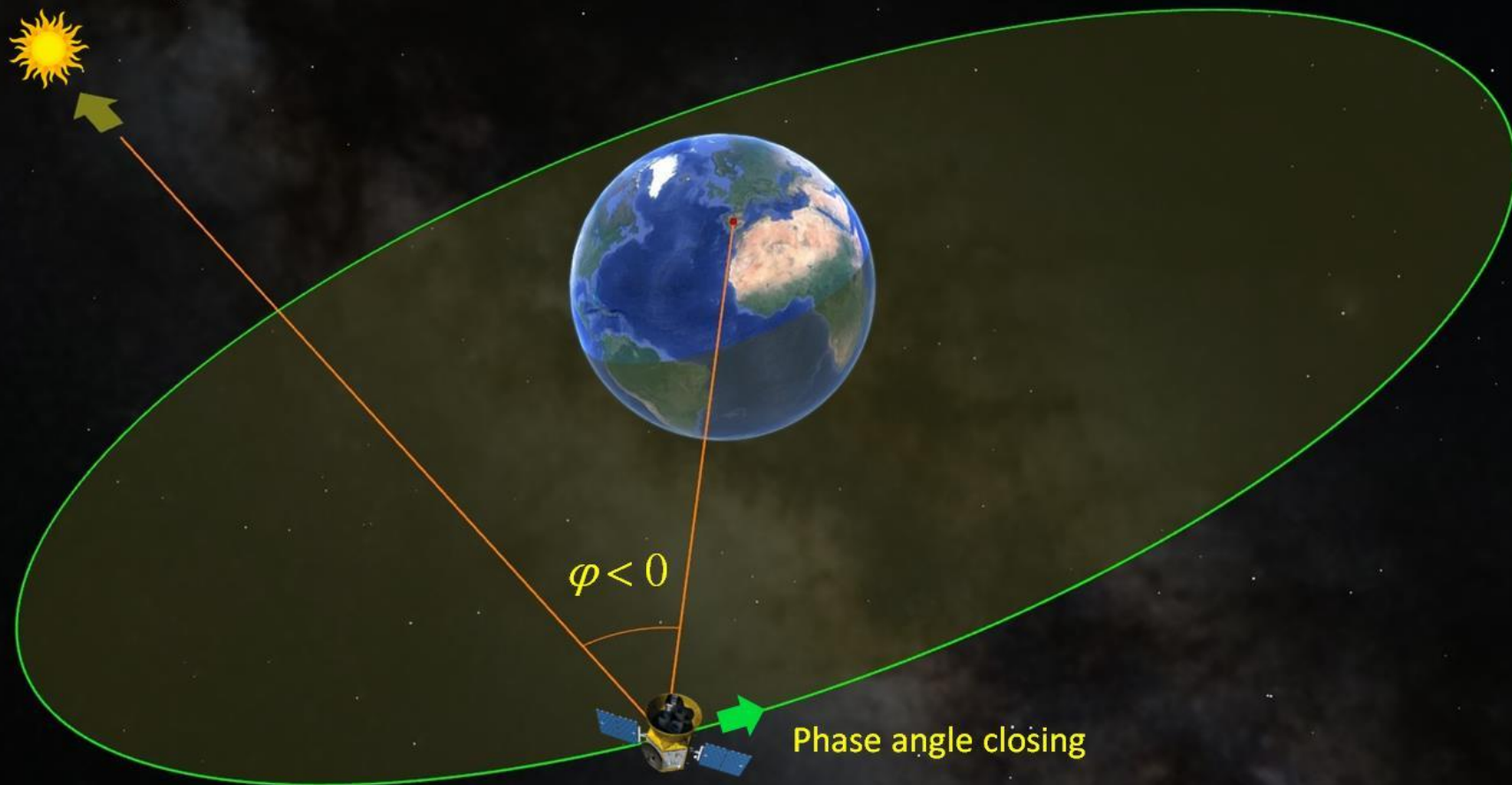


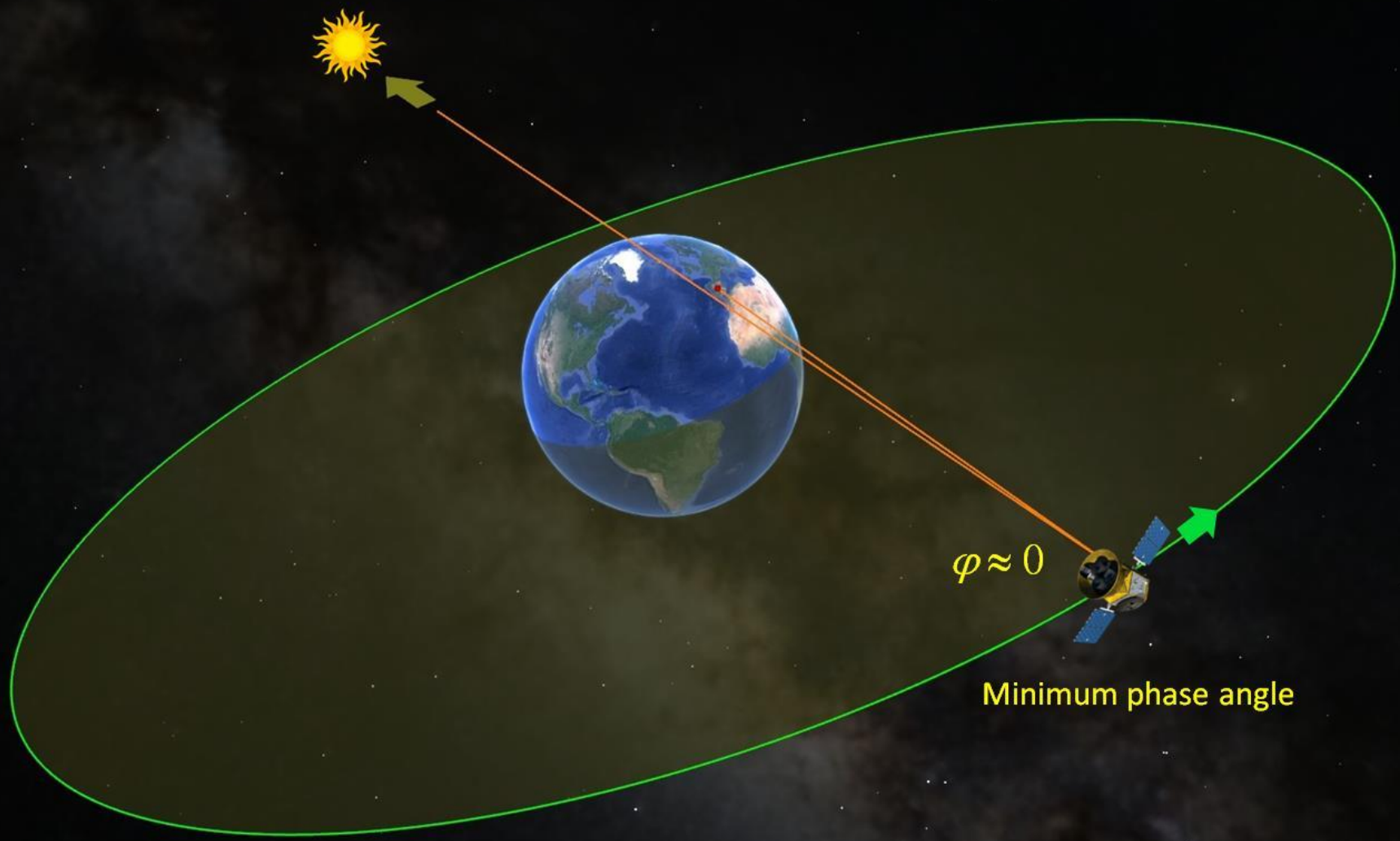
### Photometric calibration



## Typical light curves

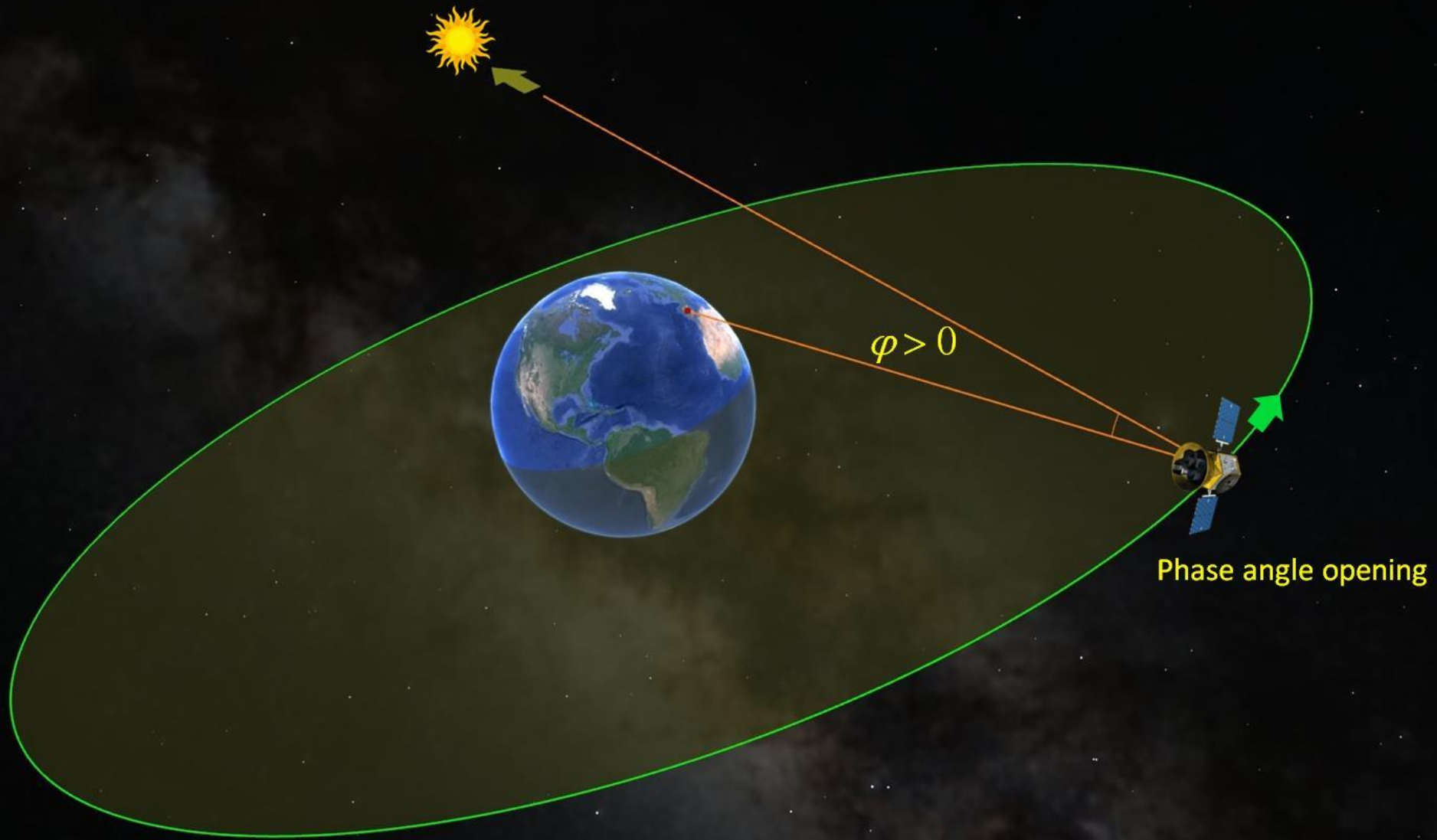




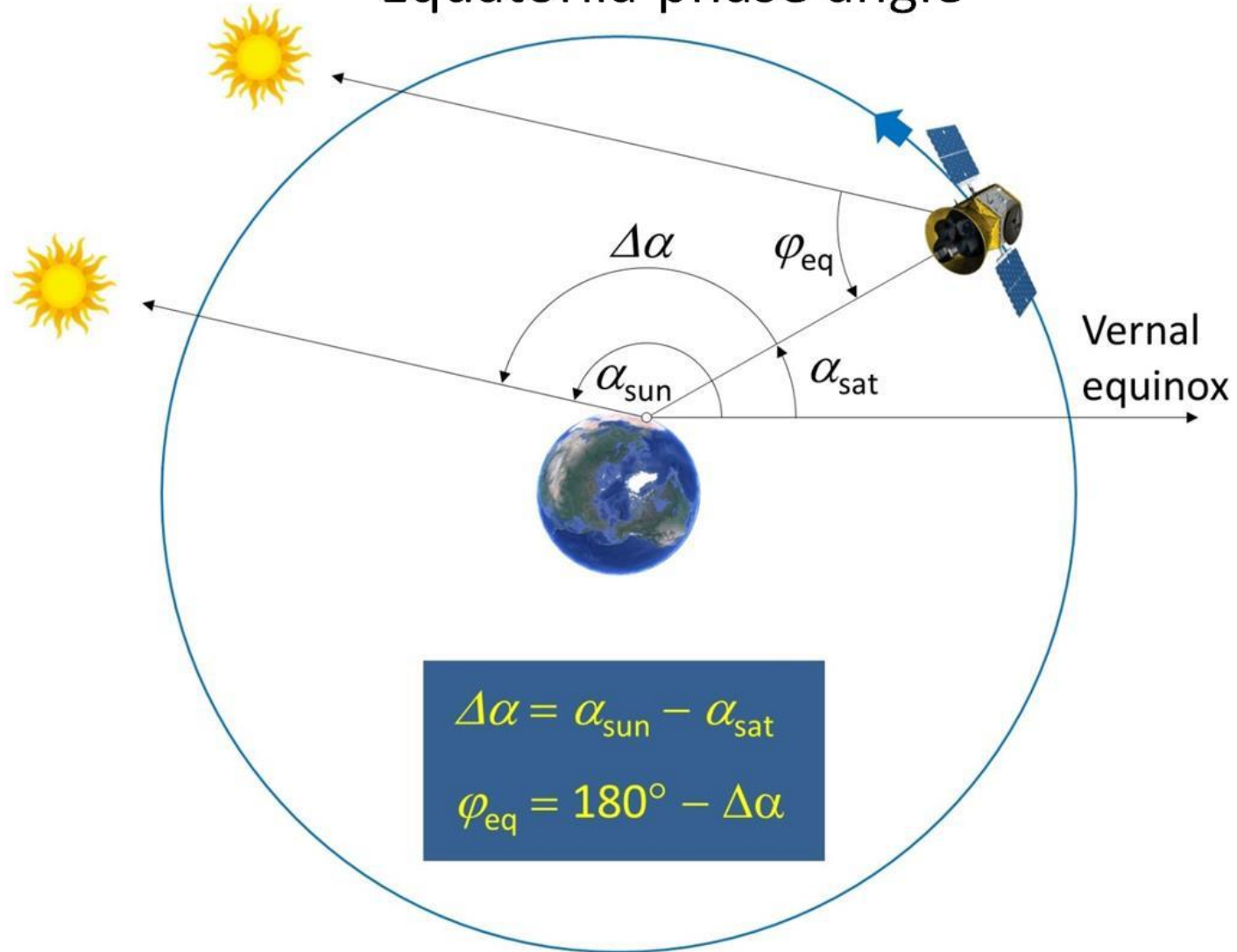


$\varphi \approx 0$

Minimum phase angle

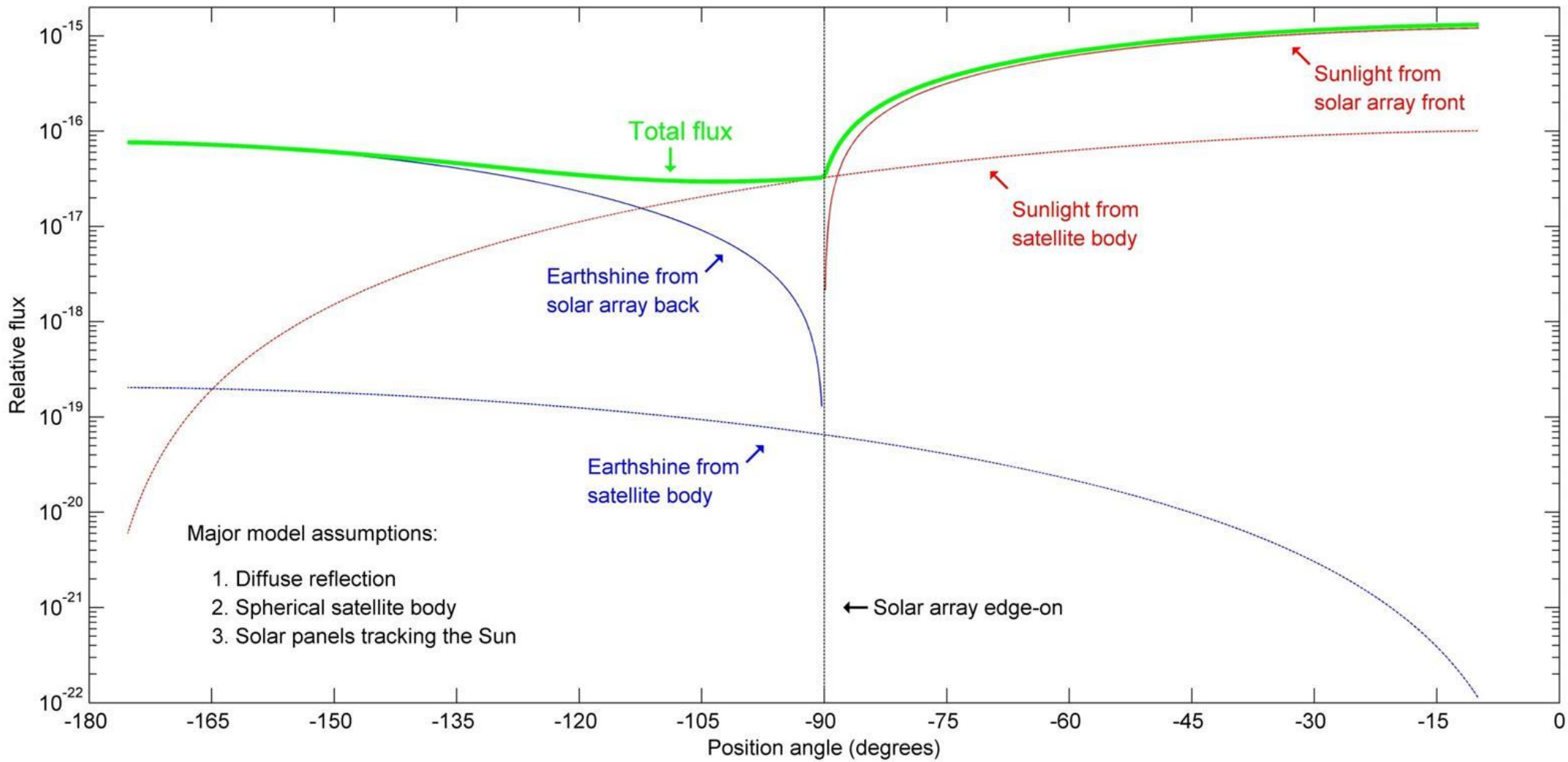


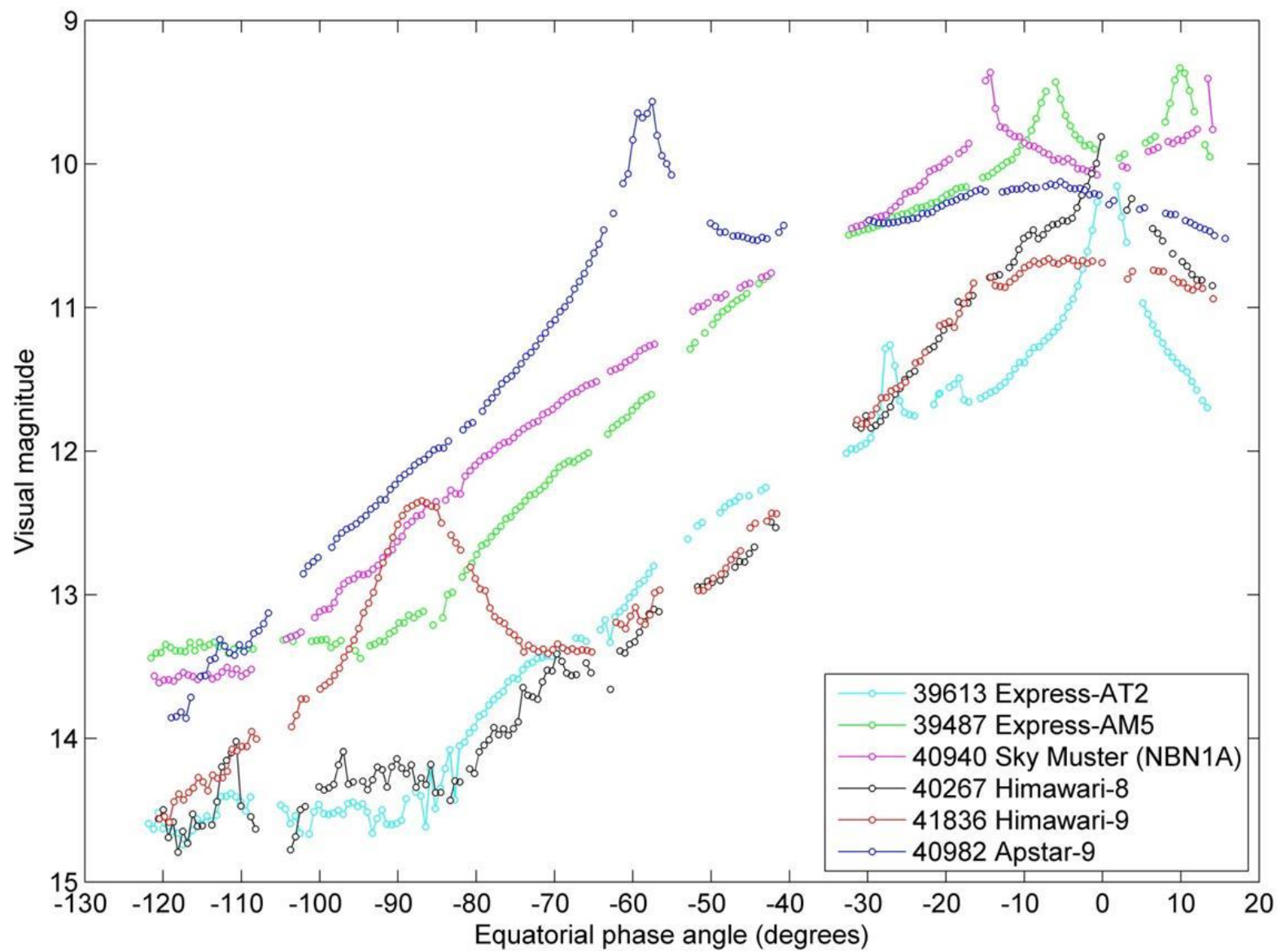
## Equatorial phase angle

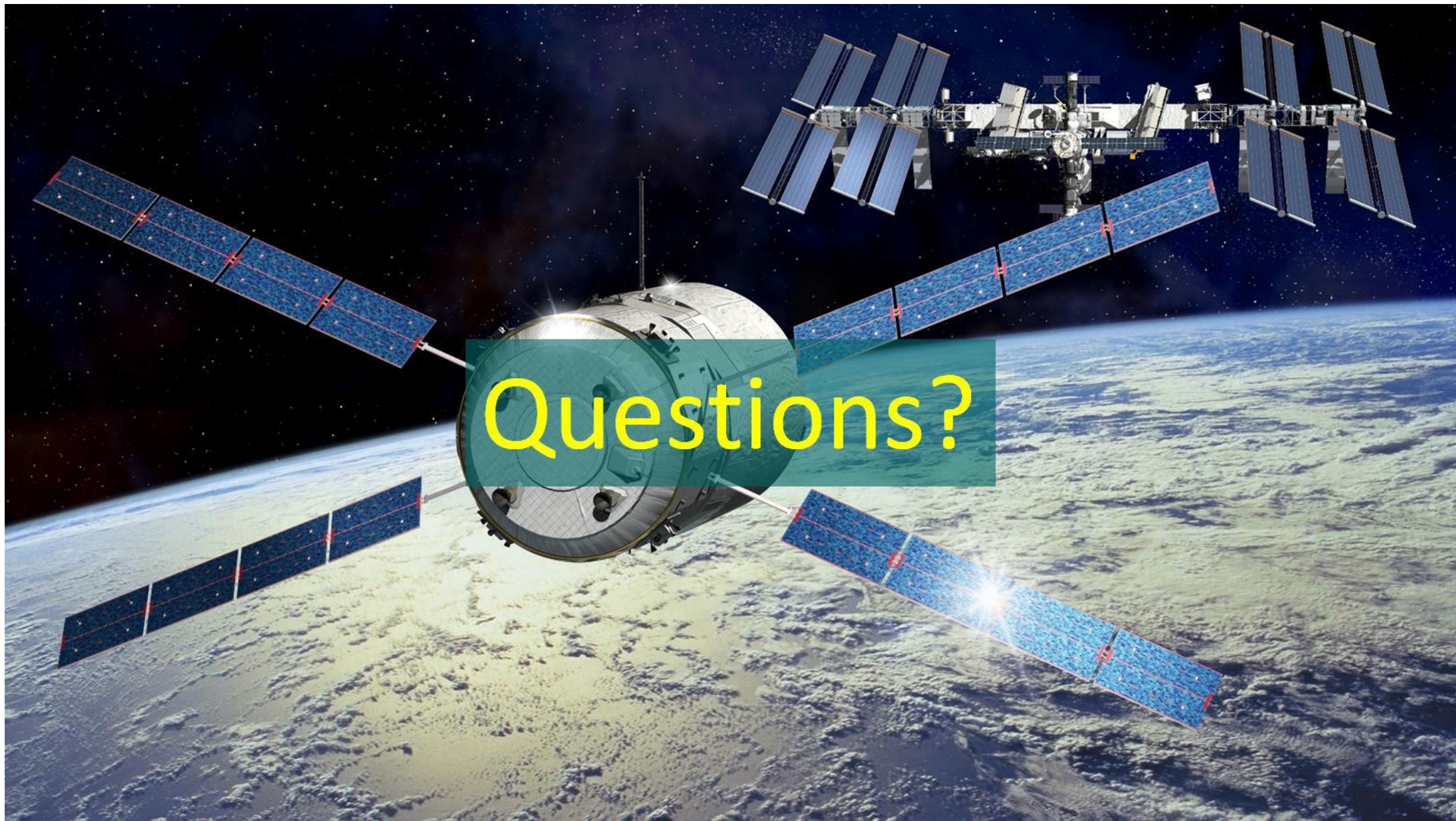




Simple photometric model (Cognion 2013)







Questions?